

The ARROW Project - creating a sustainable institutional repository

David Groenewegen, ARROW Project Manager

The ARROW Project is funded by the Australian Commonwealth Department of Education, Science and Training, under the Research Information Infrastructure Framework for Australian Higher Education.

#### arrow.edu.au

The ARROW Consortium comprises Monash University [lead institution], National Library of Australia, The University of New South Wales and Swinburne University of Technology.









#### **Overview**

- What is the ARROW Project?
- What did we set out to achieve?
- What have we got?
- What is the ARROW Community?
- What have we learnt?
- ARROW going forward



### What is the ARROW Project?

- Funded by the Australian Commonwealth
  Department of Education, Science and Training,
  under the Research Information Infrastructure
  Framework for Australian Higher Education.
- Funded 2004-2006, extended to end of 2007
- Initial objectives:

"The ARROW project will identify and test software or solutions to support best practice institutional digital repositories comprising e-prints, digital theses and electronic publishing."



#### What is the ARROW solution?

- VITAL software developed in partnership with VTLS Inc.
- Proprietary software built on top of Fedora Open Source architecture
- ARROW Community



### Why have a repository?

- Provides a platform for promoting research output in the ARROW context
- Safeguards digital information
- Gathers an institution's research output into one place
- Provides consistent ways of finding similar objects
- Allows information to be preserved over the long term
- Allows information from many repositories to be gathered and searched in one step
- Enables resources to be shared, while respecting access constraints (when software allows access controls)
- Enables effective communication and collaboration between researchers



### What did the ARROW project set out to achieve?

- Solution for storing any digital output
  - Initial focus on print equivalents theses, journal articles
  - Now looking at other datasets, learning objects
- More than just Open Access some things need to be restricted
  - Copyright
  - Confidentiality/ethical considerations
  - Work in progress
- National research discovery service harvesting metadata from a range of repositories



### What did the ARROW project set out to achieve? (2)

- Meeting DEST reporting requirements
  - Research Quality Framework (RQF) has increased the focus on repositories
- Employ Open Standards
  - Making sure the data is transferable in the future
- Deliver Open Source Tools back to the Fedora Community
- Solution that could offer on-going technical support and development past the end of the funding period



### Original vision and implementation

Access Portal, OAI/PMH, SRU/SRW, Web Exposure

Common Search/Exposure Services

Fedora and VITAL

E-Prints E-Theses

OA Publishing NLA Repository for non-uni research

DEST Research Directory

(Others possible later)

**Fedora** 

Common Repository



# Partnering for success, support and survivability

- ARROW needed to partner with a developer who could not only produce the software but could provide ongoing user support and development after December 31, 2006
- Why VTLS Inc.?
  - VTLS wanted to be a development partner
  - Had begun work on a repository solution already
  - Familiar with library sector
  - Willing to produce a combination of a proprietary solution,
     Fedora and other Open Source software



#### **Other ARROW Partners**

- Government:
  - DART/ARCHER (http://dart.edu.au / http://archer.edu.au)
    - Tools and a repository for research in progress
  - PILIN (http://www.arrow.edu.au/PILIN)
    - Persistent Identifiers and Linking INfrastructure
  - MAMS (http://mams.melcoe.mq.edu.au/)
    - National Trust Federation
  - APSR (http://www.apsr.edu.au/)
    - Other repository strategies
  - RUBRIC (http://www.rubric.edu.au/)
    - Repository support for smaller institutions
- Open source development:
  - Fedora (http://www.fedora.info/)
- Commercial:
  - VTLS (http://www.vtls.com)

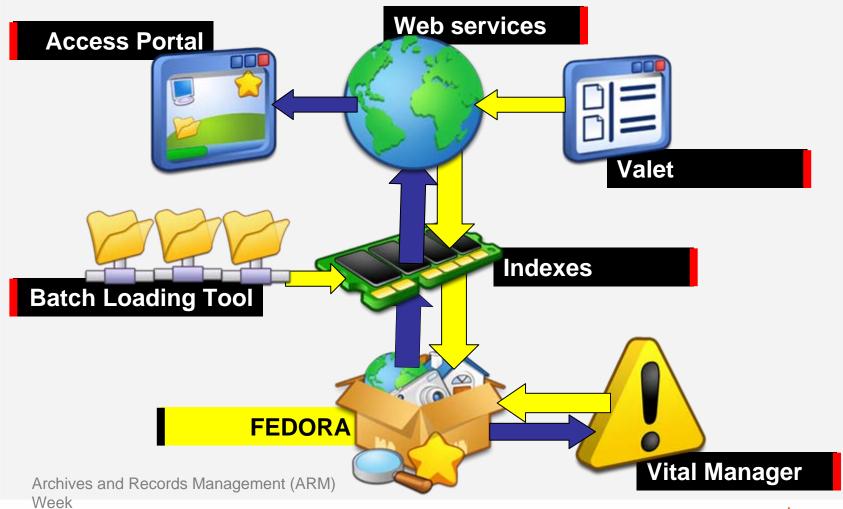


#### **Development Model Overview**

- Entered into a partnership arrangement with VTLS Inc. (<u>www.vtls.com</u>)
- VTLS provided:
  - Development expertise and staff
  - Infrastructure for future support and development
- ARROW provided:
  - Intellectual property and design specifications Versions 2 through 4 of VITAL largely based on ARROW input
  - "Real world" use cases, testing and feedback



#### **VITAL** architecture overview





#### **ARROW Discovery Service**

http://search.arrow.edu.au/

- Provides a national resource discovery service including:
  - providing an appropriate search interface
    - simple search, advanced search, & browse options
  - contributing to other networks
    - OAlster, Yahoo, Google
  - Ensuring appropriate local institutional and national "branding" of the service
    - occurs throughout the ADS interface and the exchanged metadata
  - providing appropriate subject-based access
    - The Australian Standard Research Classification list



### What is the ARROW Community?

- Any institution with the ARROW repository solution is a member
- Designed to:
  - Share knowledge and experiences
  - Share information and solutions
  - Develop Open Source software
  - Coordinate future development of VITAL and other relevant software
  - Promote institutional repositories



#### What services does the Community provide?

- GoogleGroup
- ARROW Repository Managers Group
- ARROW Development Group
- Metadata Advisory Committee for Australian Repositories (MACAR)



# Who are the members of the ARROW Community?

- Monash
- UNSW
- NLA
- Swinburne
- South Australia
- Central Queensland
- LaTrobe
- Murdoch
- RUBRIC

- Macquarie
- USQ
- UNE
- Sunshine Coast
- Newcastle
- New England
- Ballarat
- Western Sydney



#### What have we learnt so far?

- Multiple partners are good:
  - Sharing of information and experiences
  - Sharing of development work
  - Multiple perspectives on issues
- and bad:
  - Multiple perspectives on issues
  - Scope creep
  - Managing expectations
  - Pressure on the project management team
  - Pressure on development team and partners
  - Deadline conflicts
- Software development feels slow, both commercial and open source
- Development with a commercial partner can be tricky



#### What have we learnt so far? (2)

- Flexibility is both a blessing and a curse
  - Yoga, anyone?
  - Decisions, decisions...
- That there aren't enough real standards in this area
- Open versus closed repositories, or information management versus accessibility is an issue
- Repositories are only partly about software advocacy, policy, institutional engagement and grunt work need equal attention
- Constraints of dealing with copyright



#### What is ARROW working on now?

- Supporting the implementation of the Research Quality Framework (RQF)
- Creative development of institutional repositories
- Supporting Australian engagement with institutional repositories
- Building partnerships to further enhance repositories
- Persistent Identifiers and Linking INfrastructure (PILIN)



#### **General Conclusions**

- It's been a fun ride!
- Still very early days for institutional repositories as we all work out how to embed them into our institutional fabric
- ARROW now starting to focus on what to work on (and how) post the project funding



#### Thank you for your attention

- ARROW: <u>arrow@arrow.edu.au</u>
  - contact: David.Groenewegen@lib.monash.edu.au